## THE QASGIQ MODEL

In traditional Yup'ik culture the qasgiq (kuz-geek), or "men's house/communal place," was a centralizing structure in the community, connecting everyone together as one. The qasgiq served many important purposes for the people. It was a place to live during the long winter months. It was a place to work on the tools that were needed to survive in the arctic climate. It was the place where important decisions were made and where people could go to get answers for life's great questions.

"Will there be enough food?"

"Will spring come early?"

"Are the spirits content?"

"Am I living rightly?"

It was a sacred place, a place for ceremony and a place for purification. It was a place for teaching and learning and a place for healing and treating wounds, those old and new. The qasgiq brought the people and the families together and created community.

When people began coming in from places far away, the Yup'ik world changed. The qasgiq structures stopped being built and new places brought new practices, and new problems for the people. Without the qasgiq there to center the community, questions began to go unanswered and some wounds went untreated.

The Qasgiq (sacred space) Model demonstrates how some Yup'ik communities are re-centering their communities and connecting youth to their healing pasts and hopeful futures using a thousands-of-year-old process to bring about change today.



































































